CHALLENGE OF THE ONLINE TRAINING IN KENYA DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC: EXPERIENCING EDUCATIONAL INEQUALITY IN TVET INSTITUTIONS

Po-1

Achuodho Hamphrey Ouma *, Bettina Pikó **

- * University of Szeged, Doctoral School of Education
- ** University of Szeged

Keywords: COVID-19; Educational Inequality; TVET Delivery and online training

During the COVID-19 pandemic, the switch to online training exposed the digital divide between higher educational institutions, with some significantly superior to others in terms of equipment and experience, as well as among students enrolled in the same institution. After school closures, these institutions scrambled to online education, quickly identifying solutions and learning modalities and establishing support for both students and teachers. This was especially a challenge for TVET institutions where assessment of practical skills was difficult to test via remote education. In addition, TVET providers in most countries were not engaged in distance training earlier. The purpose of this study was to investigate online training and educational inequality in TVET delivery among trainees and trainers in Kenya, during the COVID-19. In the frame of qualitative research design, a total of 16 unstructured discussions were conducted in four TVET institutions in the Western Kenya Region. Each college organized four conversations (two males only and two females only groups). The study took into account various reports and literature to provide the background and analyze the data to respond to the research questions. Additionally, the study collected data through desk reviews, unstructured conversations, reports, emails, WhatsApp messages, and phone calls that aid in situation analysis, utilizing a qualitative research methodology of situational analysis. Based on the results we can conclude that the lack of experience with online training by both trainers and trainees, along with inadequate training assistance, resulted in feelings of anxiety and unease. Trainees were frequently incapable of self-regulation and remained motivated to learn at home and they were unsure about the quality of the materials accessible to them. As one of the students noted: "Having an online class during a pandemic is quite tough; not every family is fortunate enough to have a safe shelter, a smartphone or a laptop, and an internet connection". Recommendations on four major issues are given: providing complete support to trainees, trainers, and other institution personnel; improving remote and online training; ensuring policy certainty, implementation, and monitoring; and discovering and implementing effective interventions and innovations.